

# The Intelligencer

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## WILL INVESTIGATE CONSULAR OFFICIALS

BOY-ED AND VON PAPAN RE-  
CALL CAUSES MUCH  
ACTIVITY

SUSPECTED OF  
UNNEUTRAL ACTS

No Decision Yet Reached in  
Case of Austrian Consul  
General.

Washington, Dec. 4.—Investigation into the conduct of all foreign consular officials, suspected of unneutral activities, as the result of the Boy-Ed and Von Papan recall incidents, was begun by the state department yesterday. Should it be shown that officials acted improperly, they will be asked to discontinue their offices.

No decision is reached yet in the case of Austrian Consul General von Nuber, whose name was mentioned often in connection with the activities of Boy-Ed and von Papan.

It was learned that the entente powers would probably not grant safe conduct to the successors of Boy-Ed and von Papan, as they would not be civilians and might proceed from the United States to Mexico and other countries.

Captain Boy-Ed came to Washington and conferred with Count von Bernstorff, but no statement was issued by the German embassy.

Word from San Francisco indicates that the department of justice is investigating proceedings there. Federal warrants for Baron von Brincken, who says he is military attaché to the German consulate, at San Francisco, and Robert Capelle, agent of the North German Lloyd Steamship company, have been issued in connection with the alleged activities of the steamship company, said to have coerced German warships in the Pacific. Von Brincken is being watched and officers are hunting Capelle.

A German fund of \$750,000 was sent there, according to Hamburg-American trial testimony.

Von Brincken Arrested.

The department of justice, which received a report tonight of the arrest in San Francisco of Baron von Brincken, who surrendered after claiming immunity, today as attaché to the German consulate, and believes it has under arrest most of the men implicated in plots to interfere with the American munition trade.

Von Brincken will be held as a figure in the plans of C. C. Crowley, recently arrested charged in the plots against munition factories.

No word was received as to the arrest of Robert Capelle, steamship agent, against whom a federal warrant was issued also.

## SENTENCE OF CONSPIRATORS

New York, Dec. 4.—Dr. Karl Buchner, George Kottler and Adolph Hachmeister of the Hamburg-American line, convicted of conspiracy to defraud the United States government, are sentenced to a year and a half in the Atlanta penitentiary. Joseph Poppinghaus was given a year.

The steamship line was fined one dollar.

The defendants are allowed bail pending suing out a writ of error.

Buenos Aires, through his attorney, asked Judge Howe to take into consideration that his three co-defendants were his subordinates and if any offense was committed they merely acted under his orders. Bail was fixed at \$10,000 and was given by a surety company.

District Attorney Marshall, moving sentence, said he was "his painful duty to ask for substantial punishment, not so much for the effect on defendants as for warning to others."

Buenos said in conversation before court opened his only regret was the Americans should believe that he had done anything to injure them or had any but the kindest feelings toward them.

In sentencing Buenos, the judge said if the higher court sustained the verdict he would be willing to support any clemency move on account of Buenos' advanced age.

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NO MAIL ORDER BUSINESS

Columbus, Dec. 4.—Federal Judge Sizer held today that medicines containing habit-forming drugs, the traffic in which is to be under the Harrison act, cannot be sold through the mails, in dismissing a suit against the Asthma Specific company.

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## EXPOSITION CLOSED WITH BLAZE OF GLORY

SAN FRANCISCO SHOW NOW  
THING OF THE  
PAST

THE LIGHTS OFF  
AT MIDNIGHT

Exposition of Two Hundred and  
Eighty Eight Days Was  
Great Success.

San Francisco, Dec. 4.—The Panama Pacific International exposition closed tonight. Hundreds of thousands of the incandescent lights twinkled and trembled the farewell signal a few minutes before midnight and at twelve o'clock the lights went out for the last time. The exposition of 293 days, duration officially was at an end, though the farewell carnival continued in the morning hours.

With the extinguishing of the electric lights there was a flash in the sky of thousands of rockets, bombs and star shells. More than half a ton of powder was used to hurl them into the air, making a salvo which W. D. A. Ryan, the director of the illumination, said, was the heaviest and most elaborate pyrotechnic display ever attempted.

Hundreds of searchlights which had pointed to the art of the sculptor and shone on the tower of jewels and the domes and minarets each night since February 20 when the exposition began, were also dimmed in the closing moments and for thirty seconds the 635 acres of exposition grounds were in total darkness. Then patrol lights here and there along the avenues and byways and in the courts began to glow so that the thousands of merry-makers could make their way about. Throngs remained to go on with the dances in the open spaces and in the courts and to wander about the grounds in the farewell festivities.

The Carnival Spirit.

The carnival spirit prevailed, in keeping with the decree of President Charles C. Moore and the exposition directors, who said: "Let there be cheers instead of tears. The exposition has been a success."

In a financial way it is expected the exposition will show a profit of something like \$2,000,000—perhaps more. All indebtedness was paid before the exposition was closed. The expense of preparing the site and the buildings for the opening date was said to be approximately \$50,000,000. There was no federal appropriation for the undertaking, although the various departments of the United States government made displays for which \$500,000 had been allowed for maintenance.

The exposition attendance was beyond all hopes of the management, especially after the outbreak of the war when for a time there was talk of postponement of the opening date. On a daily average the attendance has been more than 62,000. Within twelve days after February 20, 1,000,000 persons passed through the gates. The 17,000,000 mark was reached November 19.

Exposition of Progress.

San Francisco's exposition in every particular was an exposition of progress. All exhibits entered for award were contemporaneous articles originated or produced since the St. Louis exposition ten years ago.

Thirty-nine foreign nations participated officially in the exposition, several of the winning nations of Europe, chief among them being France and Turkey, having buildings. Thirty-seven states of the union were represented, virtually all of them having their own state buildings.

It was estimated there were 80,000 different exhibitors the displays of which were valued at something like \$350,000,000.

WU Demolish Buildings.

Most of the exposition's buildings are to be demolished. A movement has been started, however, to preserve the palace of the arts, perhaps the most imposing building of them all, which stands on government land.

As for the majority of the other buildings the management is under contract to clear the land within four months, and the workmen's hammer will echo in the courts after tomorrow instead of the bands of music which have been there for the last ten months.

## Carrying Woman Surage Petition From San Francisco.



From left to right—Misses Ingeborg Kladstedt, Maria Klingberg, and Frances Jelliffe.

This is the expedition of women who traveled across the United States from San Francisco, bearing a huge petition to be presented to congress in favor of the passage of the Susan H. Anthony amendment to the constitution. The photograph was taken in New York just before the auto left on the last lap of the journey.

## ATTEMPTS ABANDONED TO AGREE ON CLOTURE

Senate Will Be Organized on  
Monday Without Fight Be-  
ing Made.

Washington, Dec. 4.—Virtually abandoning attempts to agree on a rule to limit debate, the senate democratic caucus today decided that non-partisan effort through the senate rules committee should be made during the coming session to correct filibuster abuses.

As a result the organization of the senate on Monday will not be delayed by any fight on the floor and the old rules will prevail.

House democrats caucused harmoniously today, approving the committee assignments. No resentment was suggested over the revolt of Kitchin, the majority leader, against the preparedness program.

## VICE PRESIDENT NOT BE PRESENT

Washington, Dec. 4.—The fight to restrict the debate in the senate will not be urged in the opening day of congress, democrats in conference agreed. It will be postponed until later in the week. In view of this decision, Majority Leader Kern telegraphed Vice President Marshall at Indianapolis it will not be necessary for him to be present on the opening day. Marshall wished to delay coming here on account of the illness of his wife.

The senate will be called to order by the secretary. The first business will be the election of Senator Clarke of Arkansas, as president pro tempore. What form the rules fight will take late in the week is not determined as the democratic caucus is still debating cloture question.

## CLARKE NOW FAVORS SHIPPING MEASURE

President Pro Tempore of Senate  
Will Support Administra-  
tion's New Bill.

Washington, Dec. 4.—Senator Clarke of Arkansas, the leading proponent of the "defeated ship bill" which attributes cause to a fight in the democratic caucus against his re-election as president pro tempore, declared tonight that he would favor the administration's new shipping measure.

Senator Clarke's former opposition is said to be because of the government ownership feature. The new bill contemplates a naval auxiliary merchant marine, providing for government ownership of stock only when private capital is lacking.

Yes Mackensen Hurt.

Petrograd, Dec. 4.—Field Marshal von Mackensen was slightly wounded by a German bullet during the recent operations, says a German dispatch to the Noye Vremya.

## INDICATIONS POINT TO A GENERAL BATTLE

Engagement Is Looked For Be-  
tween Carranza and Villa  
Forces in Sonora.

Douglas, Ariz., Dec. 4.—Indications point to a general battle between the Carranza and Villa forces in Sonora, and it is believed the battle front would extend twelve miles along the Nacozari railroad. The railway is guarded by Carranza troops, ordered to prevent the forces of the Villa commander, Rodriguez, from moving eastward toward Chihuahua. The Villa forces are reported advancing from the vicinity of Hacienda Nababi. United States army men in regard to the Villa forces said the large numbers were rendered as totaling between four and five thousand. It is said they are disorganized as a result of the recent reverses, their supply of ammunition is short and they are not believed to have any artillery. The Carranza forces are said to have twelve pieces of artillery, numerous machine guns, plenty of ammunition, a good supply of food and water, and it is claimed that the Carranza force's morale is high as a result of continued successes.

Carranza on Tour.

El Paso, Dec. 4.—General Carranza will visit all sections of Mexico before he returns to Mexico City to make permanent headquarters according to Mexican consul Andres G. Garcia here today from Matamoros where he conferred with the first chief.

## ORDERS SPECIAL TERM OF COURT AT PICKENS

Columbia, Dec. 4.—Governor Manning tonight ordered a special term of the Pickens court, to begin December 27, to try Pole Hamilton, a negro held at the state penitentiary on the charge of attempted criminal assault in Easley several days ago. The court will continue for one week if so much time be necessary.

Another Exposition All Next Year.

San Diego, Dec. 4.—It was officially announced that the Panama-California exposition which opens here January first will continue through 1916. It will be called the Panama-California International exposition.

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\$1,000,000 PER HOUR

Ontario, Ont., Dec. 4.—R. H. Brand, financial agent of Lloyd George, British minister of munitions, told Canadian today that half of the population of England was engaged in producing munitions at a cost to Great Britain of a \$1,000,000 per hour.

The speaker said that national economy would win the war.

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## FORD PEACE TOURISTS SAILED YESTERDAY

Ship Was Delayed By the Late  
Arrival of Some Party  
Members.

New York, Dec. 4.—Delayed an hour and fifteen minutes by the late arrival of fifteen members of the party, Henry Ford with more than eighty peace advocates and fifty-seven reporters and magazine writers sailed for Christiania, Norway, on the steamer Oscar II this afternoon.

Mr. Bryan spent sometime on the ship bidding the party "God speed" and Thomas A. Edison went aboard to say farewell. Mr. Bryan declared that there was some chance of the mission succeeding.

At sailing time crowds gathered at the dock and sang patriotic songs and gave Ford and ovation. Several persons who missed the ship will sail on the Frederick VIII for the same port Wednesday.

## GERMAN ARMY IS MACHINE GUN BATTERY

Soldiers, Teamsters, Sanitary Of-  
ficers All Trained to Use  
Rapid Fire.

Petrograd, Dec. 4.—The German army has become one great machine gun battery, according to Russian Colonel Clerget, in a published article discussing equipment developments during the war.

Every common soldier, even teamsters and sanitary officers, are being taught to use rapid fire and the German forces are introducing automatic rifles. He says that this development is due to the German dislike for bayonet attacks.

Colonel Clerget declares that the Austrian troops are vastly better than at the beginning of the war, now qualling the Germans.

## MANY CITIES SEEKING BIG CONVENTIONS

Washington, Dec. 4.—The campaign of various cities to capture the democratic and republican national conventions was given added impetus with the arrival of the vanguard delegations from Chicago, St. Louis, Dallas and San Francisco. The democratic national committee meets here next Tuesday, the republican a week later. Dallas and San Francisco want the democratic convention. The former has a hundred thousand to offer.

St. Louis and Chicago each want both and have funds of two hundred thousand.

## BRITISH ARE FORCED TO RETREAT IN ASIA

## PRESIDENT'S WEDDING WILL BE VERY QUIET

NO ATTENDANTS OF BRIDE  
AND GROOM AT CER-  
MONY

TIME SET FOR  
DECEMBER 18

No Formal Invitations Issued to  
Marriage of President and  
Mrs. Galt.

Washington, Dec. 4.—President Wilson will have no best man and Mrs. Norman Galt will not formally select a maid of honor at the wedding December 18th, which will be marked with unusual simplicity, according to an announcement here tonight.

Official Washington was surprised when it learned that no formal invitations would be issued and members only of the two families would be present. It had been expected, at least, that a few of the president's friends would be invited.

The wedding will be celebrated in the drawing room of Mrs. Galt's home, where a temporary altar will be erected. No large reception will follow, but official Washington will have an opportunity to extend personal congratulations at the Pan-American reception, the first of the White House social season January 7th.

Honeymoon plans are secret, but will partly be spent on the presidential yacht Mayflower.

## ONLY FAMILIES TO BE PRESENT

Washington, Dec. 4.—President Wilson and Mrs. Norman Galt will be married on Saturday, December 18, at Mrs. Galt's home here, it was formally announced at the White House.

It was also announced the only guests will be Mrs. Galt's mother, brothers and sisters, the president's brother and sister, his daughter and members of his immediate household. No invitations.

There was no announcement of honeymoon plans. It is expected the president and his bride will leave soon after the ceremony for somewhere in the south.

Although no announcement of the hour of the ceremony it was understood it will be late in the afternoon. Festivities of Mrs. Galt said 6 o'clock. Reverend Sylvester Leach, the president's pastor at Princeton and Rev. Herbert Stodd Smith, of Mrs. Galt's church here, are expected to officiate.

The president wrote the formal announcement himself, and immediately afterwards visited Mrs. Galt. Both agreed the details would be simple, as possible. It was intimated to diplomatic who made inquiries at the state department no display is desired. Despite that, it is expected many officials and admirers of the president will send gifts.

## AN AMERICAN SHIP WAS CALLING FOR HELP

Legation Sends Report From Ath-  
ens—Attacked By Austrian or  
German Submarine.

Washington, Dec. 4.—The American legation at Athens reported that an S. O. S. call was received there today from an unnamed American ship, saying that she was being attacked by an Austrian or German submarine south of Crete.

Apprehension is felt here first for the safety of the American collier Caesar, which sailed yesterday from Port Said for Alexandria. The navy department said tonight that the cruiser Des Moines was probably nearer the point indicated than the Caesar.

Officials regard it as impossible that any American warship was attacked, believing it likely that it is a Greek-owned vessel of American registry, plying the Mediterranean. If this is the case it will hardly present an international incident unless Americans were aboard.

TURKISH ARMY NOW OUT-  
NUMBERS BRITISH FOUR  
TO ONE

PRESENT STATUS  
IN MESOPOTAMIA

No Confirmation of Mescovites  
Entering Rumania to Reach  
Balkan Fight.

London, Dec. 4.—After having advanced to the environs of Bagdad, the British forces under General Townsends have been forced by the arrival of Turkish reinforcements, to retreat to Kut-el-Amara, eighty miles south, according to British, German and Turkish advices, agreeing on important points of the present status of the Mesopotamian campaign.

The Turkish forces are now said to outnumber the British four to one. The English position is now the same as in September.

Although there has been no confirmation that Russians were moving across Rumania, that country is credited as being on the verge of entering the war with the allies, or at least allowing the passage of the Muscovites.

A Rumanian order commandeering ships in her ports is regarded as proof by some that she would abandon neutrality, but the British press is skeptical.

There has been no military events of importance in the Balkans since the fall of Monistir. Scattered Serbian bands are still resisting the Germans on the Montenegrin frontier, and the Germans report the capture of 2,000 prisoners.

The Turks report that the recent bombardment of Dardanelles positions by the allied warships was unsuccessful.

Heavy fighting continues between the Austrians and Italians in the Gorizia district.

## RUSSIAN MOVE UNDEVELOPED

London, Dec. 4.—The much rumored Russian diversion against the Bulgarians has not materialized, in fact no Russian official statement was issued last night. However, this gives rise to hopes in London that it is being withheld in order to characterize a new phase of the Balkan campaign. Reports reached here from Bucharest that three Bulgarian divisions crossed Hungary en route to the Italian western front, if true this seems to indicate that Bulgaria does not fear an Russian invasion. Reports of such a shift of Bulgarian forces are as vague as the report that Teutonic troops have been rushed eastward to face the Russians.

Dispatches from several sources assert that both the northern and southern Serbian armies are safely established in Albania, while the Serb forces who evidently formed a part of the defenders of Monistir have reached the French camp at Glovelier.

An optimistic feeling over the near eastern situation seems to grow here. There is little to justify it, outwardly, however, except on the theory that the Russian attack on B-Garia will quickly develop, while the entente negotiations with Greece seems to be progressing favorably. German sources report that Greece has granted all its control of railroads in Macedonia together with certain Aegean sea ports.

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Steamers Sunk.

London, Dec. 4.—The British steamers Middleton and Clan Macleod were sunk in the Mediterranean by submarines. Four men on the Middleton were killed and one wounded, nineteen landed at Malta.

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Mesopotamian Campaign.

London, Dec. 4.—The British army in Mesopotamia is in retreat. An official announcement says General Townsends' forces are retreating to Kut-el-Amara.

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More Serbs Taken.

Berlin, Dec. 4.—The capture of over two thousand Serbians is reported in a war office statement.

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DR. SPRADBERY DEAD

Decatur, Ga., Dec. 4.—Dr. R. M. Spradbery, aged sixty-eight, recently indicted on a murder charge of poisoning a wealthy relative, W. W. Spradbery and wife, and whose trial was to begin next week, died here today.

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